

CHRISTIE'S

PRESS RELEASE | NEW YORK | 31 JANUARY 2014
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

AN AMERICAN DYNASTY:
**THE CLARK FAMILY
TREASURES**



TO BE OFFERED AT CHRISTIE'S NEW YORK IN SPRING 2014

STARTED IN THE 19TH CENTURY BY SENATOR W.A. CLARK AND EXPANDED BY HIS DAUGHTER
HUGUETTE M. CLARK, THE COLLECTION FEATURES OVER 400 ITEMS

FINE ART BY MONET, RENOIR, CHASE, AND SARGENT TO LEAD THE SALES, ALONG WITH AN EXCEPTIONAL COLLECTION OF
ASIAN ART, GILDED AGE FURNISHINGS, SILVER, RARE BOOKS, AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

RARE STRADIVARIUS VIOLIN AMONG THE FAMILY TREASURES



Senator W.A. Clark



Anna and W.A. Clark

New York – Christie's is honored to announce early highlights and international tour dates for the upcoming sales of property from the Clark Family Collection. As one of the nation's wealthiest men at the turn of the 20th century, William Andrews (W.A.) Clark's (1839-1925) name is synonymous with American aspiration, having built a successful personal empire in multiple industries, most notably copper mining. His vast wealth allowed him to pursue a lifelong passion for art and culture that he shared with his wife and daughters, who expanded the family collection over the decades. In

total, over 400 items, including fine art, musical instruments, Gilded Age furnishings, decorative arts, and rare books collected by two generations of the Clark family will be offered for sale at Christie's this spring, opening a new chapter in the story of one of the cornerstone dynasties of the Industrial Age in America.

Four masterworks by Claude Monet and Pierre-Auguste Renoir will be presented in the Evening Sale of *Impressionist & Modern Art* at Christie's New York on May 6, followed by a dedicated sale titled *An American Dynasty: The Clark Family Treasures* on June 18. Highlights of the collection will be shared with the public through a series of preview exhibitions around the globe in the coming weeks, beginning with an unveiling of the Impressionist and Modern works at Christie's London that runs through February 4, 2014. The total collection is expected to realize in excess of \$50 million.

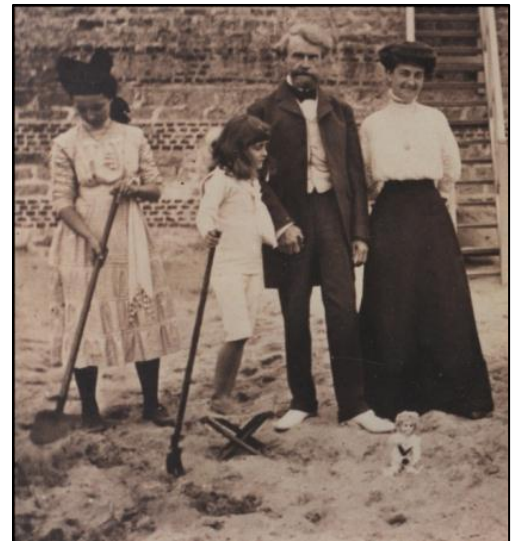
THE 'COPPER KING' AND A LEGACY OF COLLECTING

From humble beginnings, W.A. Clark rose to national prominence, standing alongside men like John D. Rockefeller as one of the wealthiest men in the United States. Born in a log cabin in Pennsylvania in 1839, Clark moved to Iowa with his family in 1856, where he taught school and enrolled in law school. Like many men of his generation, Clark was struck by "gold fever," traveling West in the hopes of striking it rich.

Throughout the mid-1800s, W.A. Clark's business interests expanded and transformed with the needs of Western commerce. Clark married Katherine 'Kate' Stauffer, and moved his family east to study assaying and mineralogy in New York. He soon returned to the West, where Clark fostered a growing empire around the town of Butte, Montana. Dubbed the "Copper King," Clark's enterprises flourished, with ventures that included railroads, banking, publishing, sugar, and timber companies. He was responsible for spurring the development of a remote stop on his railroad line in Nevada, creating the city now known as Las Vegas in the heart of Clark County. His business interests eventually led him toward a career in politics, where he represented the state of Montana in the U.S. Senate from 1901 to 1907.

Fourteen years after his wife Kate's death in 1893, Clark remarried in a secret ceremony in France. His second wife, Anna Eugenia La Chapelle (1878-1963), was a musician who excelled at the harp, and the couple went on to have two children: Louisa Amelia Andrée Clark (1902-1919; known as Andrée) and Huguette Marcelle Clark (1906-2011). The Clark girls experienced the privileged and cultured upbringing befitting the daughters of one of America's wealthiest men, attending Miss Spence's School for Girls among the children of New York's social elite. Their home, a Beaux-Arts mansion on Fifth Avenue, was a marvel of Golden Age architecture, and was considered one of the grandest private residences in American history.

By the late 1870s, W.A. Clark had begun to amass one of the country's greatest collections of fine and decorative art. Clark rarely sold or exchanged works, preferring to watch his collection grow. When he died in 1925, Clark left a vast fortune that was said to be equivalent to one day's share of the United States' gross national product at the time. A significant portion of his collection -- over 200 works of art, including paintings, sculpture, tapestries, rugs, antiquities, and furniture -- were gifted to the Corcoran Gallery of Art in Washington, D.C., with W.A. Clark's heirs providing funds for the museum's celebrated Clark Wing.



The Clark Family
From left: Andrée, Huguette, W.A., and Anna Clark

Andrée Clark died in 1919, just before her 17th birthday, leaving Huguette with her mother, Anna, upon W.A.'s death. Ms. Clark and her mother moved to 907 Fifth Avenue in Manhattan, where they maintained three apartments. Together, Anna and Huguette expanded the collection W.A. had started, appointing their properties at 907 Fifth Avenue in New York and at the Bellosguardo Estate in Santa Barbara, California with sumptuous French furnishings, Asian antiquities, European paintings and fine musical instruments.

Huguette inherited her parents' love for fine art and music, and became an accomplished artist and musician in her own right. In 1929, the Corcoran Gallery hosted an exhibition of her paintings, which were well-received by critics. After her mother's death in 1963, Huguette Clark lived quietly in New York, shunning the spotlight to focus on her art and collecting. She died in May 2011 at the age of 104, with a fortune estimated in the hundreds of millions and with no direct descendants. As part of the settlement of the Clark estate, the collection is being offered at auction by the Honorable Ethel J. Griffin, New York County's Public Administrator, by the authority of the Surrogate's Court of the State of New York, County of New York. The proceeds from the sales will go back to the Estate for distribution in accordance with the settlement agreement.



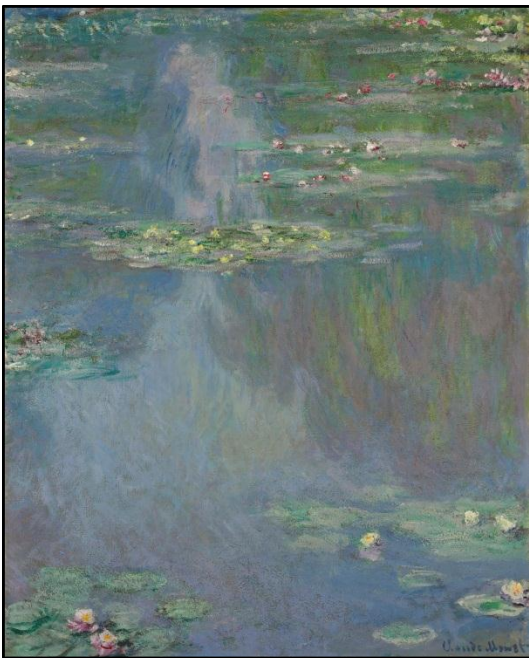
Huguette and W.A. Clark

HIGHLIGHTS FROM THE UPCOMING SALES

IMPRESSIONIST & MODERN ART

IMPRESSIONIST & MODERN EVENING SALE | 6 MAY 2014

CLAUDE MONET



Nymphéas | Estimate: \$25,000,000-35,000,000

Huguette Clark purchased Claude Monet's *Nymphéas* in 1930 in New York from the Durand-Ruel Galleries, whose Paris branch had jointly acquired the work with the Galerie Bernheim-Jeune directly from the artist ten years earlier. A splendid example of the artist's pre-eminent theme – his beloved lily pond at Giverny – Clark's *Nymphéas* was painted in 1907, during an intense creative period in Monet's career. The artist had enjoyed a celebrated career in Paris as the leading artist of the Impressionist movement when he moved with his family to the small farming community of Giverny in 1883 and began working on the elaborate gardens that would inspire him for the last two decades of his life. Between 1905 and 1908, Monet worked feverishly to complete more than 60 increasingly abstract views of the pond, equivalent to about one every three weeks. The painting is distinguished by its strong color contrasts, aggressive brushwork, and novel vertical format. One

contemporary critic enthused about the *Nymphéas* series, "There is no other living artist who could have given us these marvelous effects of light and shadow, this glorious feast of color." Since entering the collection of Huguette Clark, the

present *Nymphéas* has remained out of the public eye. The international tour in anticipation of the May auction will be the first time the painting is publicly exhibited since 1926.

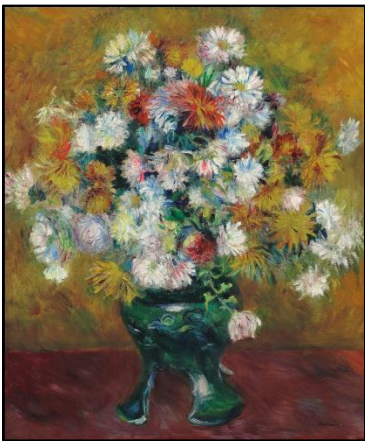
PIERRE-AUGUSTE RENOIR



Jeunes filles jouant au volant | Estimate: \$10,000,000-15,000,000

Renoir painted *Jeunes filles jouant au volant* circa 1887, after a three-year period of intense questioning of Impressionist methods and experimentation with his own techniques. Renoir reintroduced traditional notions of draftsmanship into his art. Seeking to give the human form a more monumental presence, he focused increasingly on contour, which he used to silhouette his figures sharply against the background. *Jeunes filles jouant au volant* is among the most complex compositions from this period of Renoir's work, depicting five contemporary female figures playing a racquet sport in a

rural landscape. The result is an intentional hybrid of timelessness and modernity, the idyllic and the everyday, which gives the painting its particular power.



Chrysanthèmes | Estimate: \$3,500,000-5,500,000

Pierre-Auguste Renoir's *Chrysanthèmes* was purchased in November 1929 by Huguetta Clark and her mother, Anna Eugenia La Chapelle, just two weeks after the Wall Street Crash that would begin the Great Depression. The painting, executed circa 1876-1880, is one of five large-scale paintings of chrysanthemums that Renoir produced by 1884. In the early 1880s, Renoir painted a sequence of elaborate floral compositions that number among the boldest and most fully resolved still-lives of the artist's career. Renoir relished the opportunity to depict still-lives, as they allowed him to paint more freely and develop his techniques. While part of the appeal of chrysanthemums for Renoir was surely practical (the flowers are hardy and do not wilt easily), they also

carried a potent iconographic significance. Chrysanthemums had strong associations with East Asia in the artist's day, and Renoir, being well aware of the vogue for *japonisme*, may have chosen this particular flower to heighten the appeal of his paintings to collectors.



Femme à l'ombrelle | Estimate: \$3,000,000-5,000,000

Renoir's *Femme à l'ombrelle* was painted in 1873, a critical point in both the artist's career and in the history of the Impressionist movement; this was the same year Renoir helped found the *Société Anonyme Coopérative des Artistes, Peintres, Sculpteurs, Graveurs, etc.*, a group which later came to be known as the Impressionists. Throughout the 1870s, one of Renoir's favorite subjects was the contemporary young woman in a secluded garden oasis, often holding a parasol, a crucial accoutrement for the bourgeois woman. Few of his sitters, however, have the arresting presence of the young woman in *Femme à l'ombrelle*, who may in fact be Monet's wife, Camille. In addition to having an art historical significance, the work also has noteworthy

provenance, having first been owned by Erwin Davis, one of the pioneering collectors of Impressionism in the United States.

AMERICAN ART

AN AMERICAN DYNASTY: THE CLARK FAMILY TREASURES | 18 JUNE 2014

Leading the group of American Art is John Singer Sargent's *Girl Fishing at San Vigilio* (illustrated right; estimate: \$3,000,000-5,000,000). Beginning in 1905, the artist sought refuge from the demands of his portrait commissions, preferring instead to paint his friends and relatives luxuriating in vacation destinations throughout Switzerland and Italy. San Vigilio was a small fishing village at the southern end of Lake Garda and Sargent was so taken with this picturesque locale that he referred to the spot as "paradise" in a letter to his friend Ralph Curtis. In *Girl Fishing at San Vigilio*, painted in 1913, Sargent painted one of his companions fishing along the shore, draped in a cashmere shawl, which appears in many of Sargent's compositions from the period. This lively, impressionistic composition shows the artist's sheer delight in exploring the effects of the sunlight on the rippling cerulean water.

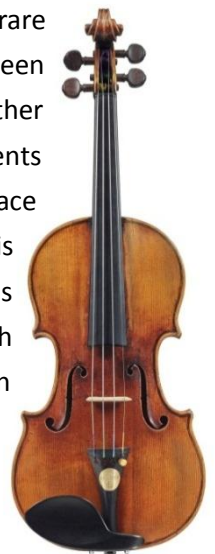


William Merritt Chase's *A Water Fountain in Prospect Park* (illustrated left; estimate: \$700,000-1,000,000) was painted in Brooklyn, New York in 1886. It depicts a water fountain near the lake in the park designed by Frederick Law Olmsted and Calvert Vaux, the landscape architects also responsible for Central Park. This small work was probably painted *en plein air* at the park and belongs to a series of works he painted in the same park between 1886 and 1887. In 1915, Chase was commissioned to paint a portrait of Senator Clark and it has been surmised that this painting was given to Clark as a token for having commissioned the portrait.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

AN AMERICAN DYNASTY: THE CLARK FAMILY TREASURES | 18 JUNE 2014

The Clark family has a long-standing history of collecting musical instruments, with a proclivity for rare works by Antonio Stradivari, in particular. For the last two centuries Antonio Stradivari has been recognized as the greatest violinmaker in history and his work has remained the bar by which all other violinmakers are measured against. He is believed to have produced close to a thousand instruments during his time, of which approximately 650 survive today. In all, nine Stradivarius instruments can trace their provenance to the family at some point in history. W.A. Clark purchased two in his lifetime and, after his death, Anna and Huguette continued to acquire them, going so far as to reunite the four exceptional instruments that comprised the Paganini quartet, which Huguette would later donate to the Corcoran Gallery of Art. The Stradivarius violin to be offered in this sale (illustrated right; estimate upon request) is a particularly fine example, which dates to *circa* 1731. Known as the *Kreutzer*, the instrument was named for Rodolphe Kreutzer (b.1766-d.1831), the great French violinist for whom Beethoven composed the famous *Violin Sonata No. 9*, and once owned this particular example.



In addition to the *Kreutzer* Stradivarius, several other rare musical instruments from the Collection will also be offered in the sale on June 18, including a Louis XV-style forty-seven string double action concert harp (illustrated left; estimate: \$3,000-5,000), which dates to *circa* 1912-1915 and stands six feet tall.

RARE BOOKS

AN AMERICAN DYNASTY: THE CLARK FAMILY TREASURES | 18 JUNE 2014

Senator Clark and Huguette were both discerning collectors of rare books, leaving behind a vast collection that spanned centuries and genres. Among those to be offered in the sale in June is an extraordinary copy of the first edition Charles Baudelaire's *Les fleurs du mal* (illustrated right; estimate: \$80,000-120,000), printed in Paris in 1857. In addition to being a scarce first issue, containing seven poems that were later suppressed, this copy has been extra-illustrated with drawings, prints and, most importantly, two letters by Baudelaire himself to the publisher of the book. Each

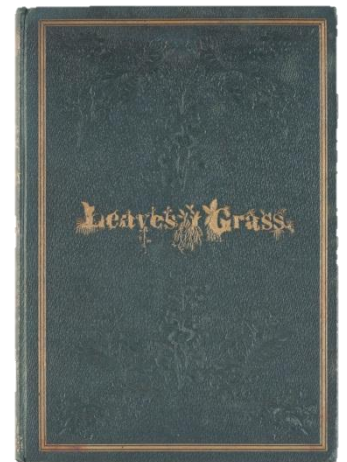


of the included letters mentions Edgar Allan Poe, the author Baudelaire translated and championed in France. The book is in a very fine *fin-de-siecle* mosaic binding by Charles Meunier.



A Book of Hours dating to the first quarter of the 16th century (illustrated left; estimate: \$40,000-60,000) is an exceptional example of an illuminated manuscript on vellum. Every page of this manuscript has a full-page border on a ground of liquid gold, and each of the numerous devotions opens with a miniature painted in a vibrant and dramatic style. It is a particularly full Book of Hours in both text and illumination, and constitutes a telling demonstration of the cross-currents and common interests of those involved in the production of printed and manuscript books in Paris in the first decades of the 16th century.

A particularly fine first edition copy of Walt Whitman's *Leaves of Grass* (illustrated right; estimate: \$100,000-150,000), printed in Brooklyn in 1855 will also be among the highlights from the sale on June 18.



EUROPEAN FURNITURE AND DECORATIVE ARTS

AN AMERICAN DYNASTY: THE CLARK FAMILY TREASURES | 18 JUNE 2014

Among the fine examples of European furniture and decorative arts to be offered from the Clark Collection is a fantastic Louis XV chinoiserie mantel clock, circa 1750 (illustrated left; estimate: \$100,000-150,000). This charming Louis XV clock, its movement supported by lacquered bronze figures of exotic Chinese figures and festooned with porcelain flowers and naturalistic foliage, reflects the taste for chinoiserie which was so prevalent among sophisticated collectors in the 18th century. Such exotic goods were promoted in Paris by the *marchands-merciers* such as Lazare Duvaux, the favorite dealer of Madame de Pompadour, whose passion for chinoiserie and Japanese lacquer is well-documented. It was later in the collection of George Blumenthal, the legendary collector and patron of the Art Deco designer Armand Albert Rateau, and was sold from his *hôtel particulier* at auction in Paris in 1932, together with the candelabra (illustrated page 7).





A French Ormolu-Mounted Tulipwood, Satiné and Fruitwood Marquetry And Parquetry Bureau à Cylindre
By Maison Krieger, Paris,
Last Quarter 19th Century
Estimate: \$50,000-80,000



A Pair Of Louis XV Porcelain-mounted, Patinated And Polychrome-Decorated Vernis Martin, Bronze And Ormolu Twin Light Candelabra
The Figures Attributed To Martin Frères,
Circa 1750
Estimate: \$60,000-90,000



A George I Walnut and Beech Wing Armchair
Circa 1725, covered in 18th century gros and petit point needlework
Estimate: \$60,000-90,000

CHINESE WORKS OF ART

AN AMERICAN DYNASTY: THE CLARK FAMILY TREASURES | 18 JUNE 2014



A Greenish-White Jade Dish
18th/19th Century
Estimate: \$80,000-120,000



A White Hardstone Carving Of Guanyin
19th Century Or Later
Estimate: \$15,000-25,000

SILVER

AN AMERICAN DYNASTY: THE CLARK FAMILY TREASURES | 18 JUNE 2014



A George II Silver Caddy set in Tortoiseshell and Ivory Case
William Tuite, London, 1757
Estimate: \$7,000-10,000

INTERNATIONAL TOUR DATES

LONDON

Select highlights will be on view from January 30 - February 4.

HONG KONG

Select highlights will be on view from April 4 - 9.

TOKYO

Select highlights will be on view from April 10 - 12.

NEW YORK

Select highlights will be on view in April.

All Impressionist & Modern artworks will be on view from May 2 to 6.

All works from the *Treasures* sale will be on view from June 14 - 17.

PRESS CONTACTS: Erin McAndrew | +1 212 636 2680 | emcandrew@christies.com

Jaime Bernice | +1 212 636 2680 | jbernice@christies.com

The complete Clark collection catalogue will be available in print and online at Christies.com later this spring.

About Christie's

Christie's, the world's leading art business, had global auction and private sales in 2013 that totaled £4.5 billion/ \$7.1 billion, making it the highest annual total in Christie's history. Christie's is a name and place that speaks of extraordinary art, unparalleled service and expertise, as well as international glamour. Founded in 1766 by James Christie, Christie's has since conducted the greatest and most celebrated auctions through the centuries providing a popular showcase for the unique and the beautiful. Christie's offers around 450 auctions annually in over 80 categories, including all areas of fine and decorative arts, jewellery, photographs, collectibles, wine, and more. Prices range from \$200 to over \$100 million. Christie's also has a long and successful history conducting private sales for its clients in all categories, with emphasis on Post-War & Contemporary, Impressionist & Modern, Old Masters and Jewellery. Private sales totaled £760.5 million (\$1.19 billion) in 2013, an increase of 20% on the previous year.

Christie's has a global presence with 53 offices in 32 countries and 12 salerooms around the world including in London, New York, Paris, Geneva, Milan, Amsterdam, Dubai, Zürich, Hong Kong, Shanghai, and Mumbai. More recently, Christie's has led the market with expanded initiatives in growth markets such as Russia, China, India and the United Arab Emirates, with successful sales and exhibitions in Beijing, Mumbai and Dubai.

**Estimates do not include buyer's premium. Sales totals are hammer price plus buyer's premium and do not reflect costs, financing fees or application of buyer's or seller's credits.*

###

Images available on request

FOLLOW CHRISTIE'S ON:

